THE

Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Auguſt 1. to Auguſt 8. 1734.

Manheim, May. 22.

THE 12,000 French, under the Command of Lieutenant General Quodt, which are fallen into the Dutchy of Wirtemberg to raiſe Contributions, carry on that Work without Mercy or Compaſſion to the poor Inhabitants, whom they ſtrip and plunder of almoſt every thing; and the Moroders in the Biſhoprick of Spires, in the County of Baden, and other Places, commit ſuch Outrages as are not to be expreſſed without Horror. A Party of Imperial Huſſars falling a few Days ago upon 40 French Horſe, cut them all in Pieces near Eppingen, and ſent their Horſes to the Camp at Heilbron.

Milan, May 22. They write from Naples, that the Blood of St. Januarius being preſented before the Head of that Saint, on Occaſion of Don Carlos's Entry into Naples, the ſame liquifi'd in a ſhorter Space than ever was known, which has put the utmoſt Spirits into the Partizans of Spain, as an Omen that portends them all the ſucceſs they can deſire.

Berlin, May 25. Letters from the Camp before Dantzick of the 22d adviſe, that on the 20th the Magiſtrates of that Town ſent a Drum to the Camp to demand a Suſpenſion of Arms; that the Field Marſhal Count Munich at firſt refuſed it, but conſented to it the next Day, upon Condition that Suſpenſion ſhould laſt but two Days, during which Time not ſo much as a Boat ſhould go in or out of the Place.

Theſe Letters add, that if the French inſtead of the three Battalions they landed the 11th, had ſet 11 Battalions on Shoar, the Ruſſian Army would in all likelihood have raiſed the Siege, the Troops being actually ordered to hold themſelves in a Readineſs to draw off.

They ſay farther, that the Inhabitants of Dantzick began to want Well Water, and that the Ruſſians flattered themſelves that the Town would have capitulated before, if the Populace who are ſtrenuous for King Staniſlaus had not oppoſed it. The Ruſſians too, on their ſide, began to want Bombs and Ammunition.

They have certain Advice, that the Count de Plelo is amaſſing Neceſſaries for ſeveral more French Men of War which he expects to caſt Anchor in the Road of Copenhagen, on their way to Dantzick; and conſequently there will be a conſiderable French Squadron in the Baltick, whilſt that of the Ruſſians is ſtill at Cronſlot. In fine, Count Munich knows, there are 20,000 Polanders taking long Marches to attack him in the Rear, while the Beſieged, ſupported by the French newly landed make a vigorous Sally upon the Beſiegers, already too much weakened by that of the 10th; and at the ſame time he has no Hopes of receiving Supplies yet a while. Theſe are Reaſons ſufficient to induce any one to believe the Muſcovites Stay before Dantzick will be very ſhort, unleſs they have a mind to dwindle to nothing.

Our laſt Letters from Poland ſay, the Saxons had abandoned Cracow, to ſupply the Place of the Muſcovites at Warſaw.

From the Camp of Bozzolo, May 20. The 18th in the Morning a Partiſan, who had already made a Booty of 49 Mules loaded with Baggage and Furniture brought to the Marſhal Villars the Packets of Letters which he had taken from the Mantuan Poſt going to Vienna, after having diſpatched the Guard that attended it. In theſe Packets, among other Things, was found the Enemy's order of Battle, of which the Line is compoſed of 24 Battalions, 19 Companies of Grenadiers, and 28 Squadrons: The ſecond of 16 Batalions, 12 Companies of Grenadiers, and 28 Squadrons; the Artillery in the Center, and the Corps de Reſerve of 19 Squadrons, as well Huſſars as Curiaſſiers, which according to this Plan makes 40,000 Men. They expect yet 8000 more which they ſay are in the Tyrol, now on their March to join them.

From the Upper Rhine, May 24. Yeſterday about two in the Morning the French inveſted Philipsburg with a Body of 10000 Men: The ſame Day the Count Belliſle ſummon'd the Town to ſurrender with the uſual Threats on that Occaſion; the Governour made Anſwer, he

he would defend it to the laſt Extremity. Part of the French heavy Artillery is arrived. The Garriſon is numerous, and well ſtock'd with Ammunition and Proviſions. Of the 100,000 Troops which the French Army conſiſts of, 30,000 will be employ'd in the Siege, and the reſt join'd with the Reinforcements expected from Picardy and Flanders, will keep on the Defenſive to cover it. The firſt Column of the Pruſſians is arived at Heilbron, the reſt is ſtill near to Wentheim with the heavy Baggage and Artillery. Several Regiments of Saxegotha, Weymar and Eyſenach, are in full March for the Imperial Camp, which after the Auxiliaries are arriv'd, will ſwell to the Number of 80,000 effective Men.

Frankfort, May 26. The Marſhal de Berwick is ſaid to have promis'd the King, his Maſter, to deliver the Fortreſs of Philipsburg in 24 Days; 30,000 are employed in the Siege whilſt the reſt of the Army keep quiet between Neus and Wiſlock to cover it.

Stolpen May 27. The French Ship that put off from Dantzick with the Troops that re-imbarked the 13th, are return'd with a greater Number. Several Thouſand Men are ſaid to be on board. 'Tis obſerv'd, the Dantzickers demanded the Suſpenſion of Arms with no other Deſign, than to facilitate the Arrival of the French Squadron: They promis'd to ſend a final Anſwer at the Expiration of the Term granted; They did ſo, but ſuch an one as was not expected; They deſired the General civilly to withdraw his Troops, or they ſhould be obliged to take ſuch Meaſures as would not be agreeable to him. Count Munich was ſo provoked thereat, that he gave immediate Orders for redoubling the Fire of Cannon and Mortars, and was anſwer'd by the City.

Hamburgh, May 28. N. S. They write from the Ruſſian Camp before Dantzick, that King Staniſlaus was retired on Board a French Frigate.

Paris, May 18. Letters in Town poſitively ſay from Conſtantinople, that a Peace is concluded between the Turks and Perſians; that a large Body of Tartars lie on the Frontiers of Ruſſia, ready to act on the firſt Orders; and that the Ottoman Porte makes vaſt Preparations for War.

Toulon May 28. The Marquis de Lazara, Lieutenant General of the Marine, is ſailed from this Port with eight Ships of War, and ſome Tranſports filled with Ammunition and Proviſion; and the Night before the Grand Prior departed from Marſeilles with eight Gallies; but we are ignorant upon what Service, their orders being ſeal'd.

London, May 25. On Wedneſday Night laſt, about 12 o'Clock, one of his Majeſty's Meſſengers arrived from Paris with Diſpatches from his Excellency the Earl of Waldegrave, his Majeſty's Ambaſſador at that Court; upon which a Cabinet Council was call'd on Thurſday at Richmond, being the firſt that has been held ſince his Majeſty's Removal thither: And at Night three Meſſengers were diſpatch'd, one to the Court of Spain, another to the Court of Ruſſia, and a third to Sir John Norris, Commander in Chief of his Majeſty's Fleet lying in the Downs.

As to the Affairs abroad, 'tis certain they call for our Attention in the higheſt Degree; and 'tis thought by many, that his Majeſty will hardly ſtay the Meeting a new Parliament, but will be neceſſitated, without much further Delay to interpoſe, in Concert with the States General, for obſtructing the formidable Efforts of France, &c. and preſerving the Liberties and Ballance of Power of Europe. For according to ſome Accounts from Paris by the laſt Mail, the French were to open the Trenches before Philipsburg, the 28th Inſtant at Night; that the Count de Belliſle was with his Body of Troops to attack, on this ſide the Rhine, the Works of the afore-named Fortreſs, whilſt theſe on the other ſide form the Siege; that it is likely to be a very terrible and bloody Siege, the Garriſon being vaſtly ſtrong, conſiſting of not leſs than 4000 Men, and well provided.

The Amſterdam and Leyden Dutch Gazettes by a Holland Mail this Day, mention as confirm'd, Accounts brought to Vienna and Bruſſels, that the Imperial Army in the K. of Naples, under Prince Belmonte, had repulſed a Body of Spaniards, killed 3600, and opened the Paſſage to join the general Train; and that Count Viſconti, having drawn another Body of Spaniards into an Ambuſcade, had killed 2000 on the Spot, and taken many Priſoners; and that Prince Lewis of Wirtemburgh having got Bread baked for his Army for 14 Days, was in full March to invade the Parmazan, and that his Troops were reckoned near equal in Number to thoſe of the Allies.

The French are forwarding the Siege of Philipsburgh with great Activity and Diligence, the Lines of Circumvallation being far advanced. They are turning the River which falls into the Moraſs, and covering it over with Faſcines. The Duke of Berwick, who covers the Siege with the groſs of his Army, is come near that Place, and had poſſeſs'd the Heights of Gangsburgh; and the Beſiegers flatter themſelves with taking that Fortreſs in 12 Days open Trenches. Mean time the Maroders ſpread the Country like Locuſts, and plunder and ſet Fire to the Villages where there is the leaſt ſhadow of Oppoſition, and particularly at Raeinsburg, where Nine of the beſt Houſes, 17 Barns, 10 Stables, and other Buildings, were reduc'd to Aſhes, the poor Inhabitants being hinder'd from extinguiſhing the Flames.

The Emperor has declared he will no longer acknowledge Don Carlos as Succeſſor to the Grand Dutchy of Tuſcany, and the Imperial Miniſter at Florence has enter'd a Proteſt accordingly.

We hear from Philipsburg, that the Fortreſs was formally Beſieged, but 'twas aſſured if the German Auxiliaries arrived in due Time, to join Prince Eugene, they would ſoon be obliged to raiſe the ſame.

The Fleet is ſtill in the Downs, and the 3 Admirals on board.

Letters which arriv'd laſt Friday from Gibraltar adviſe, that the Spaniards had inſulted the Garriſon from their Works, and that a Spaniſh Centinel had the Inſolence to fire upon an Officer of very great Rank of the Garriſon.

Some of the News mention His Majeſty's Intention of going to Hanover this Summer.

By the French Mail this Day, 'tis advis'd, that the laſt Convoy from Barcelona of 108 Sail, had paſſed by Marſeilles, ſteering for Italy; and 'twas generally thought to be deſigned againſt Sicily.

June 1. Her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Orange is expected at Kenſington by the 21ſt of next Month.

'Tis confirm'd that his Highneſs the Prince of Orange deſigns to make a Campaign under Prince Eugene, and that his Highneſs will come over to England to fetch the Princeſs in October next.

Boſton, July 29. A Paragraph of a Letter from a Gentleman in London to a Gentleman in Boſton, bearing Date the latter end of May, by Capt. Ruſſel.

---- 'We ſtill continue in a fluctuating ſtate, uncertain 'what turn Affairs will take, which caſts a general damp 'on Trade, and diſcourages every one from the proſecuti-'on of it. Sir *John Norris* lies in the Downs, with a ſtrong 'Fleet ready to ſail in an hour's warning, but how or in 'which way he will be imploy'd is uncertain. The French 'and Spaniards puſh on their Conqueſts in Italy, and on 'the Rhine, and the latter have become Maſters of the 'whole Kingdom of Naples, and Don Carlos is declared 'King of Naples and Sicily. Their ſucceſs muſt neceſ-'ſarily bring us into a War, which we believe we ſhould 'have engag'd in e'er now, wou'd the Dutch have come 'on, but their obſtinacy has retarded us. Wheat 25 to '26 s. per Quarter on board, and will not fall, there be-'ing a great demand for it abroad, and in a likelyhood 'to continue, as the Harveſt in Lombardy, Naples, &c. 'is like to prove bad. Ours here affords a moſt noble 'proſpect, and we hope that glorious beneficial Trade 'will be carried on all the following Seaſon.

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, *Aug.* 5. *Entred in.*

Ship Jane Snow, Richard Wadland from Newfoundland, Sloop Wheel of Fortune, Sloop William & Mary from Boſton, Sloop Rhody, H. Hopkins from Maryland, Brigt. Nonſuch W. Smith, Brigt. Rebecca, Andrew Mansfield from Lisbon, Brigt. Dolphin, R. Jeffery, and Snow Eagle, D. Bloom from Dublin, Brigt. Jamaica Packet, J. Keirſtede from Jamaica, Brigt. Jolly, S. Lawrance from St. Kitts, Sloop Elizabeth, from St. Thomas.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 8.

By being too nice in the Choice of the little Pieces ſent me by my Correſpondents to be printed, I had almoſt diſcouraged them from writing to me any more. For the Time to come, and that my Paper may become ſtill more generally agreeable, I have reſolved not to regard my own Humour ſo much in what I print; and thereupon I give my Readers the two following Letters.

Mr. *Franklin*,

YOU gave us in your laſt a melancholy Account of Human Life, in the Meditation upon that Subject. The gloomy and ſplenetick Part of your Readers like it much; but

but as for me, I do not love to ſee the dark Side of Things; and beſides, I do not think ſuch Reflections upon Life altogether juſt. The World is a very good World, and if we behave our ſelves well, we ſhall doubtleſs do very well in it. I never thought even *Job* in the right, when he repin'd that the Days of a Man are *few* and *full of Trouble*; for certainly both theſe Things cannot be together juſt Cauſes of Complaint; if our Days are full of Trouble, the fewer of 'em the better. But as for the Author of the Meditation above-mention'd, beſides what he ſays in common with *Job*, he ſeems to complain in ſeveral reſpects very weakly, and without the leaſt ſhadow of Reaſon; in particular, That he cannot be alive now, and ten Years ago, and ten Years hence, at the ſame time: With very little Variation, as you ſhall ſee, his elegant Expreſſions will ſerve for a Child who laments that he cannot eat his Cake and have his Cake.

All the few days we live are full of Vanity; and our choiceſt Pleaſures ſprinkled with bitterneſs:

All the few Cakes we have are puffed up with Yeaſt; and the niceſt Gingerbread is ſpotted with Flyſhits!

The time that's paſt is vaniſh'd like a dream; and that which is to come is not yet at all:

The Cakes that we have eaten are no more to be ſeen; and thoſe which are to come are not yet baked.

The preſent we are in ſtays but for a moment, and then flies away, and returns no more:

The preſent Mouthful is chewed but a little while, and then is ſwallowed down, and comes up no more.

Already we are dead to the years we have liv'd; and ſhall never live them over again:

Already we have digeſted the Cakes we have eaten, and ſhall never eat them over again.

But the longer we live, the ſhorter is our life; and in the end we become a little lump of clay.

And the more we eat, the leſs is the Piece remaining; and in the end the whole will become Sir-reverence!

O vain, and miſerable world! how ſadly true is all this ſtory!

O vain and miſerable Cake-ſhop! &c.

Away with all ſuch inſignificant Meditations. I am for taking *Solomon*'s Advice, *eating Bread with Joy, and drinking Wine with a merry Heart.* Let us rejoice and bleſs God, that we are neither Oyſters, Hogs, nor Dray-Horſes; and not ſtand repining that He has not made us Angels; leſt we be found unworthy of that ſhare of Happineſs He has thought fit to allow us. *I am, Yours, &c.* S. M.

SIR,

SEEING a very *melancholy* Piece in your Paper of laſt Week, asking your Pardon, I think we have enough of that Humour in the World already, without your Addition: I have therefore written the following few Lines in order to palliate it. And as that may be very acceptable to ſome of your Readers, this may to ſome others, if you think fit to give it a Place in your next.

I am, Yours, &c.

J. Anonymous.

Moſt happy are we, the ſons of men, above all other creatures, who are born to behold the glorious rays of the ſun, and to enjoy the pleaſant fruits of the earth

With what pleaſure did our parents firſt receive us, firſt to hear us cry, then to ſee us ſmile, and afterwards to behold us growing up and thriving in the world.

By their good examples and a vertuous education, they put us in the right path to happineſs, as all good parents do;

Then we, by making a right uſe of that ſhare of reaſon with which God hath endued us, ſpend our days in gaining and enjoying the bleſſings of life, which are innumerable.

If we meet with croſſes and diſappointments, they are but as ſowr ſauce to the ſweet meats we enjoy, and the one hath not a right reliſh without the other.

As time paſſes away, it carries our paſt pains with it, and returns no more; and the longer we live the fewer misfortunes we have to go through.

If death takes us off in the heighth of our proſperity, it takes us from the pains which may enſue.

And a great bleſſing attends old age, for by that we are naturally weand'd from the pleaſures of youth, and a more ſolid pleaſure takes place, The thoughts of our having ſo far eſcaped all the hazards that attend mankind, and a contemplation on all our former good actions.

And if we have done all the good we could, we have done all that we ought, and death is no terror to a good man.

And after we are far declined, with hearty praiſes and thanks we recommend our ſoul to God, the eternal Being from whom we received it.

Then comes the grave, and the ſweet ſleep of death, pleaſant as a bed to a weary traveller after a long journey.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia. *Entred in.*

Ship Molly, James Oſwald from Jamaica.
Brigt. Hampſhire, Richard Budding from Antigua.
Sloop Henry, Henry Todd, Sloop Sarah & Anne, David Whitney from Turks-Iſland.
Ship Ruby Galley, Joſeph Arthur, from Antigua.
Scooner Sarah, Adam Watt from Maryland.

Entred out. Sloop Rebecca, Geo. Dickinſon for Barbadoes.
Scooner Hopewell, Solomon Dale for Rhode Iſland.
Brigt. Happy, Joſeph Wheldon for Antigua.
Sloop Elizabeth & Anne, Turner Gibbs for Jamaica.

Cleared. Sloop Trueman, John Cox to Curacoa.
Brigt. Sarah & Mary, Tho. Stamper to Barbadoes.
Ship Jane, John Richmond to London.
Snow Britannia, John Staple to Fyal.
Brigt. Lancaſhire Witch, Jona. Burchell to Barbadoes.
Sloop Endeavour, William Waters ------ Flying Fiſh; Sam. Tillinghaſt to Rhode-Iſland.
Snow Charming Molly, Peter Nihil to Antigua.

I muſt beg Mr. Nemo *to excuſe my not inſerting his Epiſtle, for ſome particular Reaſons, though I ſtould be glad of his Correſpondence.*

Advertiſements.

THERE *being lately diſcovered a counterfeited Twenty Shilling Bill, of the likeneſs of the Bills of Credit of the Province of* Pennſylvania *of the ſame Denomion, Dated the Tenth Day of* April, 1731. *All Perſons are deſired to be careful leſt they be impoſed upon by the ſaid falſe Bills. They are to be known only by the Difference in the Signers Names, the Paper of the falſe Bills is thinner, and the Ink with which they are printed, is paler than in the true Bills.*

Aug. 5. 1734. A. HAMILTON.

Philadel. ſſ. ALL *Perſons within the Province of* Pennſylvania, *who have clear Eſtates in Fee-Simple, in any Lands within the ſame, may be ſupplied with Money upon a Security of their Lands, according to the Directions of the Acts of Aſſembly of ſaid Province, there being the Sum of* 8000 *l. now in the General Loan-Office to be let out, beſides a greater Sum of Out-ſtanding Debts which will be ſpeedily called in.*

By the Truſtees of the General Loan-Office,

Aug. 7. 1734. A. HAMILTON.

WHereas *Mr.* John White *the ſurviving Executor of the Eſtate of* John Roberts *deceaſed, being bound on a Voyage to* England, *and being deſirous the Debts and Legacies of the ſaid* Roberts *ſtould be diſcharged as far as in him lies.*

Theſe are therefore once more to give publick Notice to the ſaid John Roberts's *Debtors, to make ſpeedy Payment to* Benjamin Morgan *or* Thomas Edwards *of* Philadelphia, *or to* Humphry Jones *at* North-Wales, (*whom the ſaid* John White *hath deputed to receive the ſame*) *otherwiſe to expect a Proceſs of Law.*

RUN away from *Jacob Lightfoot* of *Cheſter*, a Man named *William Davis*, a *Welchman*, ſpeaks broken *Engliſh*, of ſandy Complexion, he has his Hair, of middle Stature, he had a brown Coat, white Fuſtian Coat, an old Felt Hat, a pair of Leather Breeches, a pair of grey Stockings; he is very remarkable by his Teeth, which ſtand very much awry, ſome being longer than the reſt, and alſo one Finger, broken formerly by a Cart; he is about 30 or 40 Years of Age, and pretends to be a great Miner. Whoever takes up the ſaid Man and ſecures him ſo that he may be had again, or brings him to *Cheſter* Goal, ſhall have *Five Pounds* Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by *Jacob Lightfoot.*

Cheſter, Aug. 3. 1734.

TAken up on *Suſpicion of being a Runaway, on the* 22*d of* July *paſt, and put into the Goal at* Burlington, *one* Robert Oldham (*as he tells his Name*) *about* 17 *or* 18 *Years of Age; he ſays he ſerved his Time with one* Charles Groſs *near Juſtice* Gatchel's *in* Nottingham, *Cheſter County, and has been about* 7 *Years in the Country. He had with him a brown homeſpun Coat with braſs Buttons, a ſtriped homeſpun Linnen Jacket, ozenbrigs Trowſers, black Yarn Stockings and ſtrong Shoes. He is of low Stature, ſlender Body, brown Hair, and pale Complexion.*

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of *Joseph England*, late of *Philadelphia*, deceased, are hereby notified speedily to pay their respective Debts to *Harmanus Alrichs* in this City, to prevent further Trouble.

STOLEN or stray'd away, *Sept.* 8. 1733. from the Keeping of *George Watson*, at *Skuylkill* Ferry, a black Mare with a white Face, branded W on the near Shoulder, H on the near Buttock, having formerly belonged to *William Hooper* of *Buckingham* Township; She had on four new Shoes.

Also stray'd away from this City, the 11th of *May* last, a sorrel Horse, with a Star in his Forehead, branded NB in one Letter, on the near Shoulder, a Lock on near Foot, shod all round. Whoever brings either Horse or Mare to *George Shoemaker's* in this City, or gives an Account of them so that the Owner may have them again, shall have *Ten Shillings* Reward for each, and reasonable Charges, paid by

Philadelphia, Aug. 1. 1734. *Thomas Hodgkin.*

IN Second Street over against the Sign of the Bible, is taught the Arts Mathematical, viz. Arithmetick *in all its Parts*, Geometry, Mensuration, Surveying, Gauging, Trigonometry, Navigation, Dialling *and* Astronomy, *the use of the* Globes *and other* Mathematical Instruments, *according to the most approv'd methods, by* Theophilus Grew. *He also teaches* Algebra *or the* Analytical Art, *with the* Laws *and* Properties *of* Motion, *a thing absolutely necessary to a right understanding of the* Modern Philosphy. *He designs, if he finds Encouragement, to make it his whole business, in order to instruct the young Gentlemen and Youth of the Town, and will give Attendance in his Room up one pair of Stairs from nine to twelve in the Morning, from two to five in the Afternoon, and from Six to Nine in the Evening, as it shall suit each ones conveniency.*

To be SOLD,

A *LIKELY young breeding Negro Woman fit for Town or Country Business, has had the small Pox; as also a Mill for grinding Malt, and a Screen for cleaning of Malt, or any other Grain; inquire of* John Danby *in* Third Street, *and know the Price; they will be sold very reasonable for ready Money.*

RUN away *July* 19, from *William Cox*, of *New Brunswick*, a Servant Man named *Stephen Parslow*, an Englishman, a Blacksmith by Trade, about 22 Years of Age, of a swarthy Complexion, down Look, short black curl'd Hair, wears a light natural Wig, Gingham Coat and Breeches, new homespun blue-strip'd Trowsers; and, has taken with him a new strip'd calimanco Man's Gownt a leather Doublet, and a young black shock Dog with cu- Ears, and Tail dock'd short: He may pretend by his Indentures that his Time is out. He has the Letters S. P mark'd on his right Hand with Gunpowder. Whoever secures him so that his Master may have him again, shall have *Thirty Shillings* Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

William Cox.

LATELY imported and to be sold by the Printer hereof, large Bibles with the Common Prayer, Apocrypha, and Concordance; small gilt Bibles with the Common Prayer and new Version of Psalms; Common Bibles; Testaments of a large print: Psalters; Account Books of all Sizes; Demi Royal, large Post, and Common Paper; Sealing-wax superfine and common: Ink powder the best; with several other Sorts of Stationary Ware.

Where may be had all sorts of Blanks in the most authentick Forms, and correctly printed.

Where also may be had,

French Dictionaries, Grammars, and Telemachus.

ON the Twenty-eighth of August *next ensuing, there is to be sold by Way of Auction or Vendue, the Lands or Plantation of Major* Porter, *commonly called* Portersfield, *containing* 1800 *Acres of Land and Meadow; lying in the County of* Gloucester, *in the Province of* West New-Jersey, *nigh* Philadelphia. *The highest Bidder to be the Buyer, giving good Security to the Executors*

Jonathan Wright,
Mahlon Stacy.

May 1. 1734.

TWO likely Negro Girls, one about 16, *the other about* 20. *To be sold by Capt.* Benjamin Christian *in* Water-Street.

To be SOLD,

TOgether or *in Parcels, a Plantation and Tract of about* 1100 *Acres of Land, at* Horsham *in the County of* Philadelphia, 18 *Miles from the City, and within* 4 *Miles of* York *Road; having thereon* 2 *Dwelling Houses of Stone, with a good large Barn, Stables, Orchard and Garden. There is almost* 130 *Acres of the Land clear'd and well improv'd with Clover and other* English *Grass, besides large parcels of meadowing. The whole is excellent good Land, well timbered and water'd with fine Springs. The Buildings large, elegant, and commodiously situate for the Reception of any Gentleman with a large Family. There is also near the Houses a plentiful Run of water, fit for erecting a Mill on. Concerning the Price and Title inquire of* C. Brockden *of the City of* Philadelphia.

To be SOLD,

A Plantation lying in *Nottingham* in the County of *Burlington*, and Province of *New-Jersey*, about four Miles from *Trentown*, containing Four Hundred and Twenty Acres; about one Hundred Acres cleared and within Fence, a large Quantity of Meadowing and some young Apple-trees planted; it is a very convenient Place for keeping a large Stock, there being a very good Outlet, and a convenient Market. Any Person or Persons that have a mind to purchase the said Plantation, may enquire of *Mahlon Kirkbride*, living in *Pennsylvania*, about two Miles above the *Falls-Ferry*, and be informed as to the Price and Payment.

Mahlon Kirkbride.

TO be Sold by *Mary Clayton* and *Samuel Bickley*, Executors of *Asher Clayton*, deceased, a Plantation containing 500 Acres, having on it a Grist-Mill with two pair of Stones going with two Water Wheels, two Boulting Mills, also two Houses, one of Brick, the other of Wood, with convenient Out-houses; there is a Conveniency of Water-Carriage from the Mills; it lies within a Mile of *Christine* Bridge. Whoever inclines to purchase the same, may apply to the aforesaid Executors at the above-mentioned Plantation, and agree on reasonable Terms.

John Hunt, Stay-Maker, is removed from *Second-Street* into *Front-Street* over-against the Corner of *Market-Street*, at the House of *Robert Read.*

To be SOLD,

A *FINE Tract of Land* 740 *Acres, lying near* Christine Bridge, *well Timber'd and water'd. Any Person inclining to purchase the same, or any part of it, may agree with the Widow* Battel *Executrix of* W. Battel *late of* New-Castle. *Also a Water Lot in the Town of* New-Castle *adjoining to the Free Wharff; to be disposed of. Agree with Mrs.* Battel *aforesaid.*

A *FULLING-MILL and Appurtenances in* Whitemarsh *Township, to be Let, by* John Morris; *of whom enquire at said Mill the Conveniences and Conditions.*

CANE Chairs of all Sorts made after the best & newest Fashion; old Chairs caned or Holes mended (if not gone too far) at reasonable rates, by Nicholas Gale, *next to the Sign of the Pewter Platter in* Front-Street, Philadelphia.

JOHN Hobart *who lately kept the Sun Tavern in* Water-Street, Philadelphia, *gives this Publick Notice to his Friends and others, that he is now removed to the Sign of the Conestogoe Waggon in* Market-Street *next Door to the* White-Horse, *where he keeps good Entertainment for Man and Horses at reasonable rates, and has large Yard-Room for Waggons and Cattle, and a good Conveniency for Killing and Dressing of Hogs.*

Kund und zu wisen jederman,

ALL Sorts of Gold and Silver Work made and mended, also Gold and Silver bought, by John Syng, *Goldsmith, in* Market-Street *over against the Market House, next Door but one to the* Crown, *in* Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, at the New-Printing-Office near the Market. *Price* 10 *s.* a Year.

Where Advertisements are taken in, and BOOK-BINDING is done reasonably, in the best Manner.